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RULE-MAKING ORDER EMERGENCY RULE ONLY

CR-103E (December 2017) (Implements RCW 34.05.350 and 34.05.360)

OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER STATE OF WASHINGTON **FILED**

DATE: July 30, 2024 TIME: 12:54 PM

WSR 24-16-047

Agency: Health Care Authority										
Effective date of rule: Emergency Rules ☑ Immediately upon filing. □ Later (specify)										
Any other findings required by other provisions of law as precondition to adoption or effectiveness of rule? ☐ Yes ☑ No If Yes, explain:										
Purpose: To comply with federal law, the agency is ex qualify for refugee medical assistance.	tending th	e time period	of parole	for certai	n persons fr	om Ukraine to				
Citation of rules affected by this order: New: Repealed: Amended: 182-503-0535, 182-507-0135 Suspended: Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 41.05.021, 41	1.05.160									
Other authority:										
 EMERGENCY RULE Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause fi ☐ That immediate adoption, amendment, or repe safety, or general welfare, and that observing t adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary ☑ That state or federal law or federal rule or a fed adoption of a rule. 	al of a rule he time re y to the pu deral dead	quirements of the state of the	of notice ar e receipt of	nd opport federal fi	unity to com	ment upon es immediate				
Reasons for this finding: The Ukraine Security Suppl extended to September 30, 2024, eligibility for certain be	penefits of	fered to Ukra	ainian arriva	als and re	efugees.	,				
Note: If any category is left blank, it will be calculated as zero. No descriptive text. Count by whole WAC sections only, from the WAC number through the history note.										
A section may be co	ounted in	more than	one catego	ory.						
The number of sections adopted in order to comply	/ with:									
Federal statute:	New	A	mended	<u>2</u>	Repealed					
Federal rules or standards:	New	A	mended		Repealed					
Recently enacted state statutes:	New	A	mended		Repealed					

The number of sections adopted at the request of	a nongov	ernment/	al entity:			
	New		Amended		Repealed	
The number of sections adopted on the agency's o	own initia	ntive:				
	New		Amended		Repealed	
The number of sections adopted in order to clarify	, streaml	ine, or re	form agency	procedu	ıres:	
	New		Amended	<u>2</u>	Repealed	
The number of sections adopted using:						
Negotiated rule making:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Pilot rule making:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Other alternative rule making:	New		Amended	<u>2</u>	Repealed	
Signatu	ıre:					
Date Adopted: 7-30-24	10	l ac	ada 1	D	and M	Λ Π
Name: Wendy Barcus	/// /	11/16		. 1	IN IUNC	
Title: HCA Rules Coordinator	9	95		0	0	00 GP

WAC 182-503-0535 Washington apple health—Citizenship and immigration status. (1) Definitions.

- (a) Nonqualified alien means someone who is lawfully present in the United States (U.S.) but who is not a qualified alien, a U.S. citizen, a U.S. national, or a qualifying American Indian born abroad.
- (b) Qualified alien means someone who is lawfully present in the United States and who is one or more of the following:
 - (i) A person lawfully admitted for permanent residence (LPR).
- (ii) An abused spouse or child, a parent of an abused child, or a child of an abused spouse who no longer resides with the person who committed the abuse, and who has one of the following:
- (A) A pending or approved I-130 petition or application to immigrate as an immediate relative of a U.S. citizen or as the spouse of an unmarried LPR younger than 21 years of age.
- (B) Proof of a pending application for suspension of deportation or cancellation of removal under the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA).
- (C) A notice of prima facie approval of a pending self-petition under VAWA. An abused spouse's petition covers his or her child if the child is younger than 21 years of age. In that case, the child retains qualified alien status even after he or she turns 21 years of age.
- (iii) A person who has been granted parole into the U.S. for one year or more, under the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) Section 212 (d)(5), including public interest parolees.
- (iv) A member of a Hmong or Highland Laotian tribe that rendered military assistance to the U.S. between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975, including the spouse, unremarried widow or widower, and unmarried dependent child of the tribal member.
- (v) A person who was admitted into the U.S. as a conditional entrant under INA Section 203 (a)(7) before April 1, 1980.
- (vi) A person admitted to the U.S. as a refugee under INA Section 207.
 - (vii) A person who has been granted asylum under INA Section 208.
- (viii) A person granted withholding of deportation or removal under INA Section 243(h) or 241 (b)(3).
- (ix) A Cuban or Haitian national who was paroled into the U.S. or given other special status.
- (x) An Amerasian child of a U.S. citizen under 8 C.F.R. Section 204.4(a).
- (xi) A person from Iraq or Afghanistan who has been granted one of the following:
 - (A) Special immigrant status under INA Section 101 (a) (27);
 - (B) Special immigrant conditional permanent resident; or
- (C) Parole under Section 602 (b) (1) of the Afghan Allies Protection Act of 2009 or Section 1059(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act of 2006.
- (xii) An Afghan who, under Section 2502 of the Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act of 2021, is evaluated as a qualified alien until March 31, 2023, or the end of their parole term, whichever is later, when granted parole:
 (A) Between July 31, 2021, and September 30, 2023; or

 - (B) After September 30, 2022, and is:

- (I) Their spouse or child; or
- (II) The parent or guardian of an unaccompanied minor described under this subsection.
- (xiii) A citizen or national of Ukraine (or a person who last habitually resided in Ukraine) who, under section 401 of the Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (AUSAA) and the Ukraine Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024 (USSAA), is evaluated as a qualified alien until the end of their parole term when:
- (A) Granted parole into the United States between February 24, 2022, and September 30, $((\frac{2023}{}))$ 2024; or
- (B) Granted parole into the United States after September 30, ((2023)) 2024, and is:
- (I) The spouse or child of a person described in (b) (xiii) (A) of this subsection; or
- (II) The parent, legal guardian, or primary caregiver of a person described in (b) (xiii) (A) of this subsection who is determined to be an unaccompanied child under section 462 (g) (2) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 or section 412 (d) (2) (B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- (xiv) A person who has been certified or approved as a victim of trafficking by the federal office of refugee resettlement, or who is:
 - (A) The spouse or child of a trafficking victim of any age; or
- (B) The parent or minor sibling of a trafficking victim who is younger than 21 years of age.
- (xv) A person from the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of Palau, or the Republic of the Marshall Islands living in the United States in accordance with the Compacts of Free Association.
- (c) **U.S. citizen** means someone who is a United States citizen under federal law.
- (d) **U.S. national** means someone who is a United States national under federal law.
- (e) **Undocumented person** means someone who is not lawfully present in the U.S.
 - (f) Qualifying American Indian born abroad means someone who:
- (i) Was born in Canada and has at least 50 percent American Indian blood, regardless of tribal membership; or
- (ii) Was born outside of the United States and is a member of a federally recognized tribe or an Alaska Native enrolled by the Secretary of the Interior under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act.
 - (2) Eligibility.
- (a) A U.S. citizen, U.S. national or qualifying American Indian born abroad may be eliqible for:
 - (i) Apple health for adults;
 - (ii) Apple health for kids;
 - (iii) Apple health for pregnant women; or
 - (iv) Classic medicaid.
- (b) A qualified alien who meets or is exempt from the five-year bar may be eligible for:
 - (i) Apple health for adults;
 - (ii) Apple health for kids;
 - (iii) Apple health for pregnant women; or
 - (iv) Classic medicaid.
- (c) A qualified alien who neither meets nor is exempt from the five-year bar may be eligible for:
 - (i) Alien medical programs;
 - (ii) Apple health for kids;
 - (iii) Apple health for pregnant women; or

- (iv) Medical care services.
- (d) A nonqualified alien may be eligible for:
- (i) Alien medical programs;
- (ii) Apple health for kids;
- (iii) Apple health for pregnant women; or
- (iv) Medical care services.
- (e) An undocumented person may be eligible for:
- (i) Alien medical programs;
- (ii) State-only funded apple health for kids; or
- (iii) State-only funded apple health for pregnant women.
- (3) The five-year bar.
- (a) A qualified alien meets the five-year bar if he or she:
- (i) Continuously resided in the U.S. for five years or more from the date he or she became a qualified alien; or
 - (ii) Entered the U.S. before August 22, 1996, and:
 - (A) Became a qualified alien before August 22, 1996; or
- (B) Became a qualified alien on or after August 22, 1996, and has continuously resided in the U.S. between the date of entry into the U.S. and the date he or she became a qualified alien.
- (b) A qualified alien is exempt from the five-year bar if he or she is:
- (i) A qualified alien as defined in subsection (1)(b)(vi) through (xv) of this section;
- (ii) An LPR, parolee, or abused person, who is also an armed services member or veteran, or a family member of an armed services member or veteran, as described below:
- (A) An active-duty member of the U.S. military, other than active-duty for training;
 - (B) An honorably discharged U.S. veteran;
- (C) A veteran of the military forces of the Philippines who served before July 1, 1946, as described in Title 38 U.S.C. Section 107; or
- (D) The spouse, unremarried widow or widower, or unmarried dependent child of an honorably discharged U.S. veteran or active-duty member of the U.S. military.

[3]

- WAC 182-507-0135 Immigration status requirement for refugee medical assistance (RMA). (1) An individual is eligible for refugee medical assistance (RMA) if the individual provides documentation issued by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) to show that the individual is:
- (a) Admitted as a refugee under section 207 of the Immigration and Nationalities Act (INA);
- (b) Paroled into the United States as a refugee or asylee under section 212 (d)(5) of the INA;
- (c) Granted conditional entry under section 203 (a)(7) of the INA;
 - (d) Granted asylum under section 208 of the INA;
- (e) Admitted as an Amerasian immigrant from Vietnam through the orderly departure program, under section 584 of the Foreign Operations Appropriations Act, incorporated in the FY88 continuing resolution P.L. 100-212;
- (f) A Cuban-Haitian entrant who was admitted as a public interest parolee under section 212 (d)(5) of the INA;
- (g) Certified as a victim of human trafficking by the federal Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR);
- (h) An eligible family member of a victim of human trafficking certified by ORR who has a T-2, T-3, T-4, or T-5 visa;
- (i) Admitted as special immigrant from Iraq or Afghanistan under one of the following:
- (i) Special immigrant status under section 101 (a)(27) of the INA;
 - (ii) Special immigrant conditional permanent resident; or
- (iii) Parole under section 602 (b)(1) of the Afghan Allies Protection Act of 2009 or section 1059(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act of 2006;
- (j) An Afghan granted humanitarian parole between July 31, 2021, and September 30, 2023, their spouse or child, or a parent or guardian of an unaccompanied minor who is granted parole after September 30, 2022, under section 2502 of the Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act of 2021; or
- (k) A citizen or national of Ukraine (or a person who last habitually resided in Ukraine) who, under section 401 of the Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (AUSAA) and the Ukraine Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024 (USSAA), is evaluated as a qualified alien when:
- (i) Granted parole into the United States between February 24, 2022, and September 30, ((2023)) 2024; or
- (ii) Granted parole into the United States after September 30, ((2023)) 2024, and is:
- (A) The spouse or child of a person described in (k) (i) of this subsection; or
- (B) The parent, legal guardian, or primary caregiver of a person described in (k)(i) of this subsection who is determined to be an unaccompanied child under section 462 (g)(2) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 or section 412 (d)(2)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

[1] OTS-5637.1

(2) A permanent resident alien meets the immigration status requirements for RCA and RMA if the individual was previously in one of the statuses described in subsection (1) of this section.