

### **Involuntary Treatment Act for Substance Use Disorders**

#### **Secure Withdrawal Management Report**

January 1, 2022 to March 31, 2022

# **Background**

On April 1, 2018, two changes in the adult and youth Involuntary Treatment Act (ITA) for Substance Use Disorders (SUD) went into effect.

- 1. Designated mental health professionals became designated crisis responders (DCRs).
- 2. Community members who are a danger to themselves or others, other's property, or gravely disabled due to a drug or alcohol problem may be involuntarily detained to a **secure withdrawal management and stabilization** (SWMS) facility.

There are **three facilities** that currently provide **SWMS**<sup>1</sup> services: **American Behavioral Health Services** (ABHS), located in Chehalis; **ABHS Parkside**, located in Wenatchee; and **Valley Cities**, located in Kent.

# **Capacity and Average Daily Census**

The SWMS bed capacity varies by facility, currently at **53 beds**. A total of **173 individuals were served** between January 1 and March 31, 2022<sup>2</sup>. In the reporting period, the **Average Daily Census** (ADC)<sup>3</sup> increased uniformly, from **21 in January** to **25 in February** to **32 in March**. The **bed utilization rates**<sup>4</sup> varied from **39%** in January to **61%** in March.

Facility	Capacity	Cases:	Clients Served:	January-22		February-22		March-22	
		Past 3 Months 2	Past 3 Months 2	ADC	% Capacity	ADC	% Capacity	ADC	% Capacity
ABHS Chehalis	21	83	82	10.174	48.45%	13.107	62.41%	15.194	72.35%
ABHS Parkside	16	68	62	5.190	32.44%	7.321	45.76%	9.355	58.47%
Valley Cities	16	35	33	5.548	34.68%	4.571	28.57%	7.742	48.39%
All Facilities	53	186	173	21	39.46%	25	47.17%	32	60.93%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data Sources: SWMS Facilities, January to March 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Cases" include service counts in the reporting period of SWMS events tied to admissions, open active cases, and discharges by facility and month. "Clients Served" include unduplicated counts of individuals served in SWMS in the reporting period, by facility and month. The "All Facilities" count of "Clients Served" is an overall unduplicated figure; as such, the counts of "Clients Served" by Facility will not sum to the "All Facilities" count of "Clients Served."

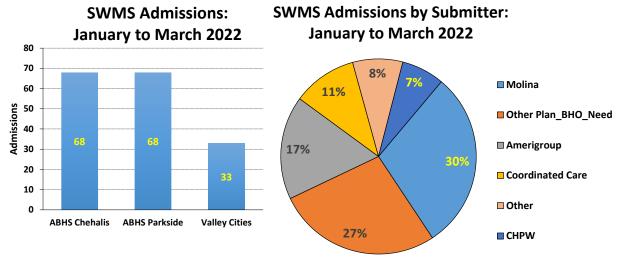
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The facility monthly ADC is calculated by dividing the number of bed days by facility (i.e., the total days in a month in which clients were occupying a bed) by the number of active days by facility (i.e., the number of days in a month within which one or more individuals comprised the daily census). The total monthly ADC is a rounded sum of the facility monthly ADCs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The bed utilization rate (expressed as "% Capacity") is calculated by dividing the facility monthly ADC by each facility's capacity; and by dividing the total monthly ADC by the composite total capacity of all participating facilities. The rate is rounded to the next one-hundredth of a percentage point, for purposes of illustration for the ADC table.



### **Admissions**

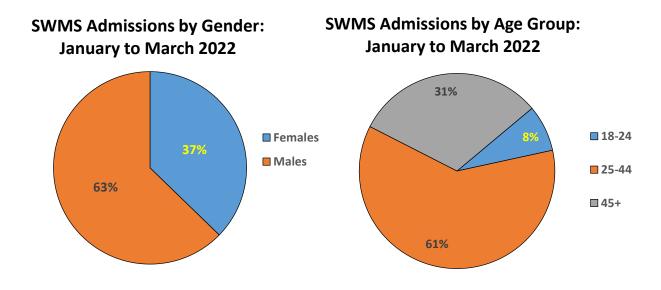
There were **169 admissions** to SWMS between January 1 and March 31, 2022. **Clients enrolled via Molina Healthcare** comprised the highest percentage of admissions (**30%**)<sup>5</sup> to SWMS during the reporting period.



"Other Plan\_BHO\_Need" includes Aetna, Beacon, First Choice, Great Rivers BH, Greater Columbia, Kaiser, King BHASO, North Sound, Premera, Spokane, Thurston-Mason, Tricare, and United Health Care.

"Other" includes Inactive, Medicaid, Medicare, Native (American client), and Not Reported/Unknown.

Admissions vary by gender<sup>6</sup> and age grouping (all adults). **Males (63%)**, and **persons ages 25-44 (61%)**<sup>7</sup> comprised most admissions during the reporting period.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Percentages are rounded upward to the nearest integer. As such, figures may not sum to 100 percent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Indicates a person's self-identified gender.

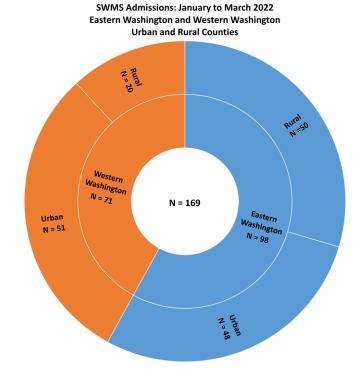
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The age groups "45-64" and "65+" were combined for the "SWMS Admissions by Age Group" chart, to avert data suppression.



The average count of admissions during January-March 2022 (56.3) was 26.6 percent lower than the average count of admissions in the preceding 9-month period (76.8).



Admissions to SWMS varied by **rural v. urban counties of detention**<sup>8</sup>, and by the geographic area (Eastern Washington at **58**%, and Western Washington at **42**%). Admissions from **urban counties of detention outnumbered admissions from rural counties** (**59**% [urban] v. **41**% [rural]).

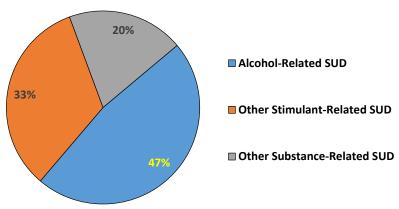


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Rural counties with admissions during the reporting period include Chelan, Clallam, Cowlitz, Franklin, Grant, Grays Harbor, Island, Jefferson, Kittitas, Lewis, Lincoln, Okanogan, Pacific, Pend Oreille, Skagit, Skamania, Stevens, Walla Walla, Whitman, and Yakima counties. Urban counties with admissions during the reporting period include Benton, Clark, King, Pierce, Snohomish, Spokane, Thurston, and Whatcom counties. **Source (Rural/Urban County Flags)**: Washington Department of Health, based on population data from Washington State Office of Financial Management, April 2017 (DOH 609-003).



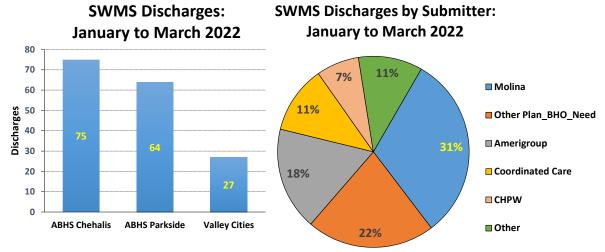
Admissions whereby clients presented with **Alcohol-Related SUD diagnoses**<sup>9</sup> comprised the plurality (**47%**) of SWMS admissions during the reporting period.





### **Discharges**

There were **166** discharges from SWMS between January 1 and March 31, 2022. **Clients enrolled via Molina Healthcare** comprised the highest percentage of discharges (**31%**)<sup>10</sup> from SWMS during the reporting period.



"Other Plan\_BHO\_Need" includes Aetna, Beacon, First Choice, Great Rivers BH, Greater Columbia, Kaiser, King BHASO, North Sound, Premera. Salish. Sookane. Thurston-Mason. Tricare. and United Health Care.

"Other" includes Inactive, Medicaid, Medicare, Native (American client), and Not Reported/Unknown.

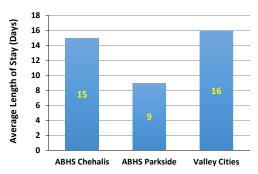
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> SUD Diagnostic Groups are comprised of ICD-10 diagnoses that signify substance use, abuse, or dependence. "Other Stimulant-Related SUD" is synonymous with use, abuse, or dependence of amphetamines, methamphetamine, other psychostimulants (i.e., therapeutics such as mixed amphetamine [e.g., Adderall], methylphenidate [e.g., Ritalin], or modafinil [e.g., Provigil]), and caffeine. "Other Substance-Related SUD" includes diagnoses of substance use, abuse, or dependence related to cocaine, hallucinogens, opioids, or sedatives/hypnotics/anxiolytics; and records where there was no reported SUD diagnosis.

<sup>10</sup> Where applicable, percentages are rounded upward to the nearest integer. As such, figures may not sum to 100 percent.

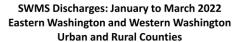


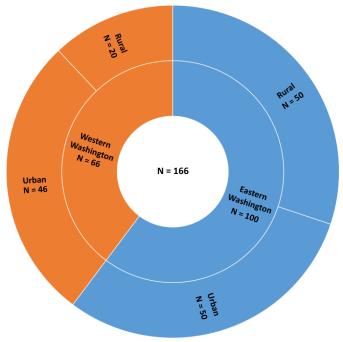
The overall average length of stay (LOS) was **13 days**, which has moderated over time. The LOS measured during the reporting period varied by facility.

Average LOS in SWMS: January to March 2022



Discharges from SWMS varied by **rural v. urban counties of detention**<sup>11</sup>, and by the geographic area. Counties of detention located in **Eastern Washington** comprised the majority (**60%**) of SWMS discharges during the reporting period. Discharges from **urban counties of detention outnumbered admissions from rural counties (58%** [urban] v. **42%** [rural]).



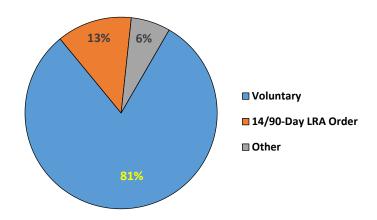


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Rural counties with discharges during the reporting period include Chelan, Clallam, Cowlitz, Franklin, Island, Jefferson, Kittitas, Lewis, Lincoln, Okanogan, Pacific, Pend Oreille, Skagit, Stevens, Walla Walla, Whitman, and Yakima counties. Urban counties with discharges during the reporting period include Benton, Clark, King, Pierce, Snohomish, Spokane, Thurston, and Whatcom counties. Records where the County of Detention is "Unknown" were attributed to the facility county in which the SWMS event occurred. **Source (Rural/Urban County Flags)**: Washington Department of Health, based on population data from Washington State Office of Financial Management, April 2017 (DOH 609-003).



The supermajority (81%) of SWMS discharges had "Voluntary" as the Legal Status<sup>12</sup> at the point of discharge.

#### **SWMS Discharges by Legal Status**



<sup>12 &</sup>quot;Other" (Legal Status) includes 14-Day Commitment Order(s), 72/120-Hour Hold(s), Custody Transfer(s) and Not Reported/Unknown.